



Surveys of changes since the publication of this plan may be available. Enquiries should be addressed to the Director General or to the local Ordnance Survey office.

HEIGHTS are given in METRES above the Newlyn Datum.

which may contain later levelling information and particulars of bench marks have been shown, are obtainable from the Director General of Public Works.

On this plan of a road, track or path is no evidence of the existence of a right of way.

The alignment of tunnels where shown is approximate.

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ABBREVIATIONS

L B Sta.	Lifeboat Station
L C.	Level Crossing
L G.	Loading Gauge
L Ho.	Lighthouse
L Tw.	Lighting Tower
m	Metres
M H W	Mean High Water
M H W S	Mean High Water Springs
M L W	Mean Low Water
M L W S	Mean Low Water Springs
M P.	Mile or Miling Post
M P U.	Mail Post Office
M S.	Mill Stone
N T.	National Trust
N T L.	Normal Tidal Limit
N T S.	National Trust for Scotland
N P.	Norfolk, Isle or St.
Path (um).	Unmade Path
P C.	Public Convenience
P C B.	Police Call Box
P H.	Public House
P O.	Post Office
P r.	Pump

P T P	Police Telephone Pillar
R H	Read House
R P	Revision Point
S	Stone
S B	Signal Box
S B P	Signal Bridge
S D	Sundial
S L	Signal Light
S L	Sluice
S P	Signal Post
Spr	Spring
S Sp	Sign Station
T C B	Telephone Call Box
T C P	Telephone Call Post
T K	Tank or Track
Ts	Trough
Tr	Traverse Station
W	Water
W B	Weighbridge
Wd Pp	Wind Pump
Wks	Works
W Pt	Water Point

	 Non-conifer
	 Conifer
	 Surve
	 Orch
	 Copp
	
	
	
	 Rough
	 Marsh
	

VEGETA

[illegible]

1 foot = 0.3048 metre

..... Slopes		 Site of
..... Cliff		 Direction of
..... Entrance		 Electricity
..... Rock		 Electricity Transm
..... Boulders		 Triangulation
..... masonry		 Traverse station (pe
..... building		 Be
..... lathhouse		 Sun
..... Archway		 Revision
..... maring		 Revision point & bench mark

of scrub symbols in woods are shown in

2400 2500 2600 2700

f antiquity
Culvert
water flow
city pylon
city pylon
ion Line
on station
permanent)
nch mark
face level
ion point
oincident

— —
+ +
MB Bdy UD Bz
.....
.....
AB Bdy
— Bone Cn
Co C

Where the bound-
County type box
but where any o-

BB
CB
C C S . Centre o-
C D . . . Ce

2800	2900	3000	3100	3200	BOUNDARY
..... England & Wales					
..... Geographical County					
..... Admin County					
..... County Borough					
..... London Borough					
..... County District					
..... Civil Parish					
..... Rural Borough					
..... Parly Constituency & Ward					
..... Unit Bdy					
Boundary of an Admin Co, County Borough or Co of City Boundary is usually coincident with civil parish boundary Other boundary coincides with that of a civil parish etc.					
..... Base of Bank					
..... Centre of Bank					
..... Covered Stream					
..... Centre of Drain, etc.					
..... C.R. Centre of Road, etc.					
..... C.S. Centre of Stream, etc.					
..... Def. Defaced					
..... D.K. Edge of Kerb					

The diagram shows a horizontal scale from 3300 to 3600. Below the scale, several horizontal lines represent different types of boundaries. From top to bottom, these are:

- A dotted line labeled "Scotland" on the right.
- A solid line with a crossbar labeled "Burgh Bdy".
- A dotted line labeled "Dist Bdy".
- A solid line with a crossbar labeled "Burgh Const & Ward Bdy".
- A dotted line labeled "Co Const Bdy".

Below the diagram, a legend explains the symbols used:

is coincident with that of a geographical county, the symbol and the symbols for both are shown, e.g.

Symbol for the latter only is shown, e.g.

County boundary		Burgh Const & Ward Bdy
County boundary		Co Const Bdy
County boundary		Face of Fence
County boundary		Face of Wall
County boundary		Roof of Hedge
County boundary		Side of River, etc.

Feet

{ Geographical County
County Council
County of the City
Burgh
District Council
Civil Parish
Early Constituency & Ward

bol for the latter is shown,
or + Burgh Bdy.
at & Dist Bdy.

.....Top of Bank
.....Track of Hedge
.....Track of Stream
.....Undefined

EXAMPLE: 4267 area is
9080 area is
4-47

When identifying a parcel it is important to specify the
Enclosures or features joined for measurement of area
The limit of area within which individual parcels are not to
be included

To convert hectares to acres multiply by 2.47
To convert acres to hectares multiply by 0.40

NATIONAL GRID REFERENCE

Grid lines form part of the National Grid and are at 100 metre
intervals. The position of a point to within 10 metres proceeds
as follows:

1. Take the two letters preceding the sheet number
2. Take the west edge of the grid square in which the point
is located
3. Take the figures opposite this line on the north or south
margin of the grid square
4. Estimate tens of metres from the grid line to the point (d) and
the resulting four figure number is the Easting
5. Take the south edge of the grid square in which the point
is located
6. Take the figures opposite this line on the north or south
margin of the grid square
7. Estimate tens of metres from the grid line to the point (d) and
the resulting four figure number is the Northing
8. The six figure grid reference is given by writing first the
Easting and then the Northing
For further information see 'An Introduction to the Project'.

number
in hectares
the number of the plan on which it falls,
shown
multiply by 2.471 05
multiply by 0.404 69

REFERENCE

centre intervals. To give a unique reference
as follows.....

EXAMPLE from sheet TQ 0529

.....TQ
lies and
margin.....058
distance m).....8
.....0588
lies and
margin.....291
distance m).....6
.....2916
letters,
.....TQ 0582916.

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